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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/767,283	01/22/2001	Gary D. Glick	128019-203802	2710
7590	10/31/2006		EXAMINER	KIM, VICKIE Y
Medlen & Carroll, LLP David A. Casimir Esq 101 Howard Street Suite 350 San Francisco, CA 94105			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1618	
			DATE MAILED: 10/31/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

**Advisory Action
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief**

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
09/767,283	GLICK ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Vickie Kim	1618	

--The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

THE REPLY FILED 16 August 2006 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.

1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods:
- The period for reply expires _____ months from the mailing date of the final rejection.
 - The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.
- Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).

Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

NOTICE OF APPEAL

2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on _____. A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).

AMENDMENTS

3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because
- They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);
 - They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);
 - They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or
 - They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.

NOTE: _____. (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).

4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).

5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): _____.

6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) _____ would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s).

7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.

The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:

Claim(s) allowed: _____.

Claim(s) objected to: _____.

Claim(s) rejected: _____.

Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: _____.

AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE

8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will not be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).

9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).

10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached.

REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER

11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:
See Continuation Sheet.

12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s). _____

13. Other: _____

VICKIE KIM
PRIMARY EXAMINER

Vickie Kim
Primary Examiner
Art Unit: 1618

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: applicant's argument is not persuasive. Kim's teaching which teaches most elements required by instant claims except C2 or more aliphatic group substitution on R1 position, whereas Kim teaches methyl at R1 position. The elongation of aliphatic groups from methyl (C1) to any other aliphatic groups (C2- or longer), especially to lower aliphatic groups(C2-6) is commonly practiced in pharmaceutical industry and because of their structural similarity, the compound is generally predictive that their chemical properties will be similar. Additionally the techniques and skills for said elongation are already well known in the art. Unless unexpected result is produced by said elongation of C1 aliphatic group(e.g. methyl) to C2 or more aliphatic groups (e.g. ethyl, propyl, etc), the claims are not patentably distinct over the Kim's et al because the basic core structure has been taught and manufacturing extended aliphatic groups from C1- to C2 or more is unobvious manufacturing process since it is well within the context of chemistry in general, C1-C2, 3, or 4-substitution is generally predictive that their chemical properties will be similar. As shown in applicant's specification as well as prior art of records support the said general chemistry where lower alkyl or aliphatic substitution (i.e. C1-C6) is commonly used with high degree of predictability in producing compounds having the same physical and chemical properties. In general chemistry as well as supporting document(Nakao, US 5141930, t=1-8 substitution at Q position, see col. 8, lines 5-25), Due to common understanding in general chemistry, use of C1-C4 (or -C6 or -C8) alkyl or aliphatic groups are mutually accepted without particular remarks or notes(see applicant's spec at page 28-29). One would have motivation to do so to extend the effective species where the efficacy or safety are well proven by general chemistry and numerous documents in art.